



FAKULTET ZA KRIMINALISTIKU,
KRIMINOLOGIJU I SIGURNOSNE STUDIJE
UNIVERZITETA U SARAJEVU

JOURNAL OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE ISSUES

Journal for Criminalistics, Criminology and Security Studies

GUIDELINES FOR AUTHORS

ABOUT THE JOURNAL

Journal of Criminal Justice Issues - Journal for Criminalistics, Criminology and Security Studies (hereinafter referred to as: Journal) aims at the general promotion of criminalistics, criminology and security studies and presents a specific form of contribution to scientific knowledge and quality of social life in general. It is a scientific and professional Journal that publishes hitherto unpublished scientific and professional papers, reviews and translations in the field of criminalistics, criminology and security studies and thus contributes to the promotion and development of science, profession, scientific research and higher education. Contributions published in the Journal are referred in: EBSCO SocINDEX, EBSCO SocINDEX Full Text, EBSCO Criminal Justice Abstracts, EBSCO Criminal Justice Abstracts with Full Text and HeinOnline.

PREPARATION OF THE MANUSCRIPT

When preparing manuscripts for submission, please follow the instructions listed below. All contributions will be initially assessed by the Editor of Chief for suitability for the Journal. Papers deemed suitable are then sent to two independent peer-reviewers to assess the scientific quality of the paper, while reviews and translations are subject to one anonymous

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Original scientific paper is an original research paper in which new results of the fundamental or applied research are presented. In order for a research to be considered scientific, it must meet several criteria, among which the most important are objectivity, (intersubjective) verifiability, systematicity and precision. To write an original research paper, next structure should be followed: Introduction, Methods, Results, Discussion and Conclusion.

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Review paper summarizes and evaluates recent literature and the current state of knowledge on a particular topic. It gives a complete review of literature in a particular field, original analysis or synthesis, new relationships, or new hypotheses with suggestions for further research. It can also contain new, unpublished results of the author, but these results usually do not form an important part of the paper. In this paper, one can refer to the development of some research, but also point out the relationships, inconsistencies and ambiguities in the literature and suggest further procedures in solving the problem. When writing a review paper, the researcher seeks to give a clear and critical assessment of the data, information and research results he describes, while providing a comprehensive review of the literature on the presented topic for new conclusions, findings or hypotheses.

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Professional paper does not contain original reviews and results; it deals with the known, already described. The focus is on the application of the known, on the dissemination of knowledge, and not on the discovery of new knowledge. If someone else's results are described for the purpose of transmitting information, or the application of what has already been applied elsewhere is described, this cannot be considered a scientific paper, but therefore a professional one. Professional paper repeats the well-known research results that are useful in disseminating scientific knowledge and adapting the results of scientific research to the needs of scientific theory and practice.

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The Editorial board reserves the right to publish papers that exceed the stated length if the presentation of scientific content requires more space, and the right to intervene in the style of writing and shorten the paper when it deems necessary.

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The title page must include:

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When authors elaborate individual segments of a problem, the texts should contain concise subheadings in accordance with the following example:

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- Abstract does not contain cited references and should reflect only on the general overview of the topic, methods, results and conclusion (if it is a scientific paper); that is, on the content of the paper (if it is a professional paper);

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Introduction and literature review

Introduction section should include general and specific information about the topic of the manuscript, review of recent literature related to the main aim of the paper, description of the clearly defined aim and purpose of the paper. The use of too many literature citations is not recommended when writing a original scientific paper, while such literature citations should be used when writing a review paper.

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The methods section should include:

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This section should include the findings of the conducted research, that is, the obtained results should be described.

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This section should discuss the implications of the findings in context of existing research. The obtained results need to be interpreted and commented, without repeating the display of results. It is necessary to specify how the obtained results and their interpretation agree with the published data. It is necessary to clearly present the theoretical and practical consequences of the obtained results, the extent to which the used methods affected the results and whether some other methods would give different results. Discussion section should also highlight limitations of the research.

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Book (e.g., a book for the Kindle) or an audio book with a URL: Christian, B., and Griffiths, T. (2016). *Algorithms to live by: The computer science of human decisions*. Henry Holt and Co. <http://a.co/7qGBZak>

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Article without DOI number and without URL: Anderson, M. (2018). Getting consistent with consequences. *Educational Leadership*, 76 (1), 26–33.

Goldman, C. (2018, November 28). The complicated calibration of love, especially in adoption. *Chicago Tribune*.

Article with article number or eLocator: Burin, D., Kilteni, K., Rabuffetti, M., Slater, M., & Pia, L. (2019). Body ownership increases the interference between observed and executed movements. *PLOS ONE*, 14 (1), Article e0209899. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0209899>

c) Chapters in book

With DOI number: Balsam, K. F., Martell, C. R., Jones, K. P., and Safren, S. A. (2019). Affirmative cognitive behavior therapy with sexual and gender minority people. In G. Y. Iwamasa and P. A. Hays (Eds.), *Culturally responsive cognitive behavior therapy: Practice and supervision* (2nd ed., pp. 287–314). American Psychological Association. <https://doi.org/10.1037/0000119-012>

Without DOI number: Weinstock, R., Leong, G. B., and Silva, J. A. (2003). Defining forensic psychiatry: Roles and responsibilities. In R. Rosner (Ed.), *Principles and practice of forensic psychiatry* (2nd ed., Pp. 7–13). CRC Press.

d) Documents and reports

- World Health Organization. (2019). *International statistical classification of diseases and related health problems* (11th ed.). <https://icd.who.int/>
- Ministry of Security of Bosnia and Herzegovina (2013). *Strategy to counter human trafficking in Bosnia and Herzegovina 2013-2015*. Ministry of Security of Bosnia and Herzegovina.
- American Psychiatric Association. (2013). *Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders* (5th ed.). <https://doi.org/10.1176/appi.books.9780890425596>

e) Legislation

Criminal Procedure Code of the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, *Official Gazette of the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina*, 35/03, 37/03, 56/03, 78/04, 28/05, 55/06, 27/07, 53/07, 09/09, 12/10, 08/13, 59/14 (2014).

f) Online sources without authors

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